Ronni, Fred Allen and I left Derby on Sunday morning about 2am, meeting Barbara and Pete Janes and Don Chapman at the mitre and so to Victoria uneventfully. The train finally delivered us to the Channel, with the sea like a millpond, so that the boat trip was just like sailing in daddys yacht. We were immediately in the bar tanking up on the duty-free refreshment, and by the time Calais arrived, Fred was roaring drunk. Three hours on the top bunk slept it off however, and we rattled on congenially across France towards Basle.

The Janes' left the train at Landeck, to spend the first week at Galtur, and the rest of us went on to Innsbruck where we identified the other five members of the party, and werc met by the guide. After coffee, a special bus took us up the Brenner, and then from Fulpmes to Neustift. The skis and sacks were loaded into into a Land Rover which took them up to the snow-line which we reached after $2 \frac{1}{2}$ hours on foot, and the continued up on skis to the Franz Senn Hutte, the sacks being transported on a cable lift.

The Hut was about full when we arrived and seven of us, plus the guide Heinz, who slept on the floor, crammed into one bedroom, the other two being on a matrazen loge. Those less fortunate than ourselves were sleeping on the floors in the corridors! After a good meal, we retired early to bed so as to be ready for the noxt day's run.

Breakfast, for me, is always a miserable meal, and I was glad to get out on the snow, en route for the Kryulscharte. The Hut is about 7000 ft, and the Scharte over l0000ft, so that every--one found the climb somewhat punishing, particularly as Heinz did not dein to stop on the way up. We found out that he never stopped, anyway, even on a climb lasting five hours or more! The run-down was somewnea marred by indifferent visibility, although the snow was excellent, and I think everyone was pleased to get back to base, somewhat the worse for wear.

The next day we went up the Verborgen-Berg Ferner to the Schorte, where some rested while the rest of us climbed a steep gulley up to Berglasfermer, and then on skis again to the Wildes Hinterhergl, l0700ft. The descent of the gulley was a bit tricky, with many rocks hidden under deep powder snow, and no rope; it was almost like playing ring-a-ring-a-roses, but we made it safely down to the main glacier where it was too cold to stop, and wo skied straight down to the Hut.

The next day was a long one, so we were up before 6.0am, Breakfasted, and out just after7.0 on the way up to the Alpeinerferner. This glacier is very long for this part of the Alps and we seemed to go on for hours before we turned off to the left into a huge snow basin and then up to the Ruderhof Spitze, ll287ft. The cold is pretty intense at this altitude in March, and in spite of the sun, there was little incentive to linger, so we skied steadily back, pausing every now and again to collect the party together and whip in the stragglers.

The fifth day was to be almost an "off-day", going part of the way up to the Kraulscharte again, and returning by a slightly different route. As I was fecling about clapped out by now, and it was snowing anyway, I decided to stay near the Hut and rest, and as a result my physical condition improved enormausly, so that for the rest of the holiday I was able to stop a dozen times for photographs on the way up, and catch the party again easily.

The sixth day was to be a long one. We had already packed our sacks and sent them down on the lift etc to Neustift, keeping only the vital necessities. Our route lay up the Alpeiner Ferner again and then a climb over the Wildgrat Scharte to the next glacier, the Schrankogel Ferner, which gives access to the Schrankogel, 11300 ft . The top two or three hundred feet of this peak are rock and when Heinz proposed to tie eleven people into l20ft of nilon we politely declined the offer. He seemed somewhat hurt at our apparent lack of confidefice, but the dislogement of a couple of rocks like dustbins, which trundled down towards us as we stood lookin up from the col,
confirmed our suspicions. We skied off down the glacier to wait!

We made our way down in fantastic powder snow towards the We made our way down in fantastic powder show, where the snow, having had the sun festering on it all day, had acquirea on abominable breakable crust, so that we were glad to reach the gentler slopes below, and so to the Amberger Hutte for the night. Ronni and I found ourselves in a dormitry with a croud of Germen students who wore tanking up on Schnapps for a last-night party. We did pretty well out of it!

Day number seven took us up the Sultztal Ferner, a compli--cated glacier with innumerable crevasses and bergschrunds - a place where a guide is really appreciated - and then a climb up to the Daunjach. The Hinter Daunkopf was climbed en passant, and then down the Daunkogel ferner to the Dresdner Hütte, where we spent the next fortnight, our rucksacks having arrived via another cable lift.

By this time we were really organised to the continuous climbing, and the eighth day to the Ostlicher Daunkogel hardly stepped up our breathing rate. The next day, however, was somewhat different. We started out up the Fernauferner in deep snow which had fallen during the night, and after a long climbreached the Pfaffen Grat, which we had to cross. The rocks were a yard deep in powder snow on the holds, with verglas underneath - skiboots definitely unsuitable - and having reached the ridge, we had to traverse it for about 300 yards, carring the skis. Nobody fell off. The rute then lead across the Subzenauferner to the Zuckerhütl, closely flanked by the Wilder Phaff, a magnificent pair of peaks.

Wo descended to the Pfaffonjack, and then steeply down the Pfaffenferner, at the bottom of which we paused to ingest a fev calories in the middlc of acres of avalanch debris. From here an hour's grind up on skins gained the Ferneujock, whence we were able to run down to the Dresdener Hutte agein.

The next two days took us to the schaufel Spitze, and the Stubaier wildspitze, with the best possible snow conditions. for the doscent. The skis seemed to steer themselves in snow as fine as. flower, and one could almost turn by wiggling ones ears.

The twelith day took us to the Westlicher Daunkogel, and weis our last with the guide Heinz; Fred, Don, and the rest went off $t$ Innsoruck to the train, leaving Ronni and me with another week in hanc

The space required mekes it impossible to give details of the incredible flying involved in evacuating injured people from the hut; the commissioning of the new air conditioning system, delivered by helicopter; the chronic pong from the oogs; and a thousand and one other things.

If the hundred and ten slides come up to scratch, they migl give some idea of the best sking holiday we have had yet.

## AN OUTING FOR CHILDREN <br> TRAVELS WITH A PUSH CHAIR

Once upon a time, long, long ago - in fact in the days when I was still a pillar of Oread Society, - I gave the first of the above titles to an untitled article which had been submitted for my consideration. The author, whom God preserve threatened me with G.B.H. ${ }^{\text {G }}$ I should like to assure him and any others who have read this far that this is not a resume of that article, but is genuine, new, unused, and only slightly soiled round the edges.
$\mathrm{x}_{\text {Grievous }}$ Bodily Harm.

At the tisme of the Suez cri elderly wll-leather steam-driven $m$ would in the national interest be has never moved since. without m impossible to transport two adults Wales or the Lake District. For gear. The weight of gear require and ten years is given by $x$ c $h \mathrm{~s} / \varepsilon$ $X=$ weight (in kilograms) required C = velocity of light,
$I=P l a n c k ' s$ constant,
$S$ = the sex factor (I'for a boy, $A=$ age of child in years, $\mathbb{M}=$ mass of child in kilograms,

So for a long time, our onl Jacqueline, now just three, walked and has never looked back. Michae walking for five weeks, and we have (He's quite a virtuoso - he can wal can sit down without bending his kn fill a nappy on the march without $h$ we decided that as the motor-cars p their way to Nevis hadn't stopped t organise our own expedition. So D was ensconced in his push chair and A6, carring a shopping bag which co children, some ham and mushrooms (w the journey), a map and a bus timet says "Inn" on the map we boarded of tenpence were transported to Lym the temptation and rode up to the $H$ (succumbed be dammed - we rushed at aboard).

The serious part of the ou Hall in a southerly direction. Al unsuitable for push chairs, so the the next mile and a half he welked, he might have been tempted to sit $d$ (Note for the technically minded: w there is a downward thrust through towed there is a tension or upward weight upon the wheels. It therefor ground.) The walk through the Park scenery, affording some splendid vi is through a picturesque wood. The which were successfully negotiated. about the first of these, but havin them, she refused all assistance at the technique to her aging parents.

Emerging from the wood we woodland to Bowstonegate Farm. Her his vehicle and we paused to inspec stand there. These were decorated $v$ obscenity perpetuated by vandals or that the stones, which are certainl involved in fertility rites. The v So far the day had been cloudy but dispersed by the icy wind, and in th sunshine we could see for miles. Tr worth seeing too. Windgather Rocks to our surprise the Roaches were pla (Later reference to the map shows th away.) We turned in that direction (1348 ft.) The going was rough - th push-chairs, but the passengerdid'nt he sat contentedly gurgling to himse ponds which I inspected for wild lif

At the $\ddagger$ me of the Suez crisis (oops, no politics) our
elderly wll-leather steam-driven motor tricycle decided that it would in the national interest be a good idea if she retired. has never moved since. without motor transport it is almost impossible to transport two adults and two small children to North Wales or the Lake District. For one thing, children need too much gear. The weight of gear required by a child aged between zero and ton years is given by $x c h \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{a}^{2} \mathrm{~m}$, where
$X=$ weight (in kilograms) required by one parent,
$\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{velocity}$ of light,
$\mathrm{I}=$ Planck's constant,
$S$ = the sex factor ( 1 for a boy, 2 for a girl), A = age of child in years,
$\mathbb{M}=$ mass of child in kilograms,
So for a long time, our only expeditions have been local oncs. Jacqueline, now just three, walked five miles at the age of 1-8 and has never looked back. Michael, at 13 months, has only been walking for five weeks, and we haven't tried him over any distance. (He's quite à virtuoso - he can walk sideways and backwards, and can sit down without bending his knees, and often does. He can also fill a nappy on the march without hesitating.) On Easter Saturday we decided that as the motor-cars passing through Hazel Grove on their way to Nevis hadn't stopped to offer us a lift, we would organise our own expedition. So Ded put on his best suit, Nichael was ensconced in his push chair and tied down, and we proceeded to A6, carring a shopping bag which contained spare clothing for the children, some ham and mushrooms (weekend shopping not required on the journey), a map and a bus timetable. At the place where it says "Inn" on the map we boarded a bus, and for the reasonable sum of tenpence were transported to Lyme Park. Here we succumbed to the temptation and rode up to the Hall on the odd little transport (succumbed be dammed - we rushed at the thing and flung ourselves aboard).

The serious part of the outing now began. We left the Hall in a southerly direction. Almost at once the surface became unsuitable for push chairs, so the lad was released, and for the next mile and a half he welked, except for the muddy bits where he might have beon tempted to sit down. The push cheir was towed. (Note for the technically minded: when a push chair is being pushed there is a downward thrust through the handle. When it is being towed there is a tension or upward thrust, and consequently less weight upon the wheels. It therefore runs better over uneven ground.) The walk through the Park runs uphill through charming scenery, affording some splendid views of Stockport. The last part is through a picturesque wood. There are several ladder-like stiles which were successfully negotiated. Jackie was a bit doubtful about the first of these, but having been shown how to get over them, she refused all assistance at the others and kept explaining the technique to her aging parents.

Emerging from the wood we climed a short stretch of woodland to Bowstonegate Farm. Here the lad was again belayed to his vehicle and we paused to inspect the curious stones which stand there. These were decorated with carvings which may be obscenity perpetuated by vandals or may alternatively indicate that the stones, which are certainly very ancient, were at one time involved in fertility rites. The view from this point is superb. So far the day had been cloudy but the clouds were now being dispersed by the icy wind, and in the golden late afternoon sunshine we could see for miles. The countyside hereabouts is well worth seeing too. Windgather Rocks are just acrossthe valley and to our surprise the Roaches were plainly visible to the South. (Later reference to the map shows that they are only about 14 miles away.) We turned in that direction and headed for Spond's Hill ( 1348 ft. ) The going was rough - the limit of feasibility for push-chairs, but the passengerdid'nt seem to mind the jolting, for he sat contentedly gurgling to himself and giving ear-splitting ponds which Iicht Jnet holow tho summit we passed two or three ponds which I inspected for wild life.

At last our panting bodies reached the Col. D'Argentiere, the first C ol of the holiday and we were rewarded by that dramatic unfolding of the new ranges beyond that is the delight of every Alpine traveller, 5,000 ft belov us lay a little Alpine village set in the green of a valley floor but little did we know that we were to have this valley ever before us for another twenty four hours before finally reaching it.

None of us were expooting any difficulty in finding a way down from the CoI, i't had been easy enough on the way up apart from a little diversion in onder to obtain some practice in steep ice slope work. However the snow slope up whioh we had been plodding for the last 5 hours ended dramatically at the ool cnd plunged down in a terrifying sweep to the glacier below.

We seazised inci no $\%$ oce voiffontod by our first alpine problem. None of us had enguired of, or read about, the route down to the little village below. "ive "li judt plod over the Col D'Argentiere", we had said the day before. These rather disturbing thoughts vere relegated for the more pressing need of rest, food and drink and the luxury of soaking one's eyes in the surrounaing panonara.

As a result of having started too late and too low down, it was getting on the aftemoon when wo at Last left the rocks at tha col and began the descent of the other sids. A traverse to the lest over steep rock enabled us to reach a tongue of snon. This led dowmards to a snow arete jutting out precariously from the motriainsido and then dissappearing from sight. Jim went along to reocenoitre as toctaceos indicated the passage of a party upwards. The wet conditions of the snov Prightened us all and Jim only stoppped on the arete long enough for. Mike to take an imposing pioture.

By descending the steep snow flank of the arete we were able to regain the loose rooky temrain or the mountainside. While dosoending this a stone was distodged hitting Mike just above the eye, not wounding him seriously but reminding us of the playfulness of chance. We were now in an open gully which promisect to be e7en steoper and looser farther dow so we stopped for a bite ans a look aroun. The twinkling lights in the valley below reminded us of sensible people going to sleep in oivilised oonditions. Tom traversed and left over a mouid of snow and found a more open face into whioh we eventually treverned. The going was easiez and safer apart from one or two vertioal rock steps which provided some interest especially as it was nearing nizht.

As it vear getting late we searohed for a bivvy among the rooks and after quite a bit of sorambling we fourd an overhanging roof which gave some shelter from above and the sides. By a bit of engineering we fashioned out a platform to tale $t$ wo people sistinc. Ilom, by dint of pitons and rope, ereoted a cats oradile to utilise a noariow lodge. Mike, dreading a night with Jim on the platform ferreted around and found a small oave sufficiently large to take his puny body, formed by rather loose rock.

Luokily, the night wan warm, wo hed provided ourselves with bivvy sacks a primus stove zad soup, so we had Iittle womies about surviving the night. Our oomplacency was soon shat'tered however, firstly the primus refused to work on the parafin we had boucht in Shamomix: the only clue beine a peculiar scented smell indicative of some impurity (efterwards bonfirmed) Wild theories of altitude effect and wrong jet size for oontinental parafin were soon debunked by experiment and recollection of previous experience.

We comforted oursolves with chocolate, the grandeur of our position and the friendliness of the lights in the valley below and arranged ourselves in our respective otemight postures . Mike in his hole, Jim on his platform, and Tom in his omale. It wasn't long however befors the happy home was disturbed. A orach, an dath and Mike just ranaged to crawl out of his rook bugbag besore it favod ing episode three, two up to Mike. It was then remarked that Mike was interibd for greater thines in tife and would probably die jumping into bed. So likike shared Jinns platform ofter all.
$\square$ he rest of the night passed without further inoident, and we were soon up ofter davn basking in the eariy morning sun Seeling very spritely. An hour brought us to tis junotwon or the rock wall and the snow slopes above the glaoier and, to us, a femoious nooling bergschmund. Rether overawed by the Jatter we docided to suek an eacier way dow and commenoed to traverse aoross the rocky buttress. We could see tar over to the left a rooky spur jutting out into the glacier far belov, Mris dsemed e likely way so we continued. jur traverse only to be brought to a helt by a huge chasm in the rook. Tom went off to prospect and caine back with news of possible routes. We held a conference, an important ons, as it was getting late,

## "ITHE VALIEY". C+

11. a.m., a hot summer day and every hour's further delay would mean more danger at the bergschrund below. I remember thinking that we could possible spend another night out and retrace our steps. At times like this one is severely oppressed by the uncertainty of the future. We all felt very weary and oppressed.

We retraced our steps to the place where we had first inspected a crossing four hours earlier and prepared to make an attempt. We used our piton hammer for the only time during 3 week's holiday to safeguard the orossing with a piton. Otherwise the hammer was used as ballast for Tom's ruosack and as an implement for making parts for the primus out of wire and coins of the realm.

Just before Jim began to move off we heard a shout from a hut acoross the glacier. Had we been seen and wer we being warmed of danger possibly of an avalanche on the lower snow slopes where there were no signes of tracks of previous parties to comfort us? Jim succeeded in finding a way across the bergschmund and Tom and Mike followed safely. There still remained one more bergschrund before we would join the tracks of other parties who had asoended the snow arete on the previous day. This proved easy as it was choked with debris at the point we chanced to meet it. Great was our reitief to meet previous tracks.

All difficulties were now over and it was a very tired trio who eventually reached the little village of the valley - for beer, basketball and beds. our arrival caused a little constemation as Mike still wore a mask of blood over part of his face, which accentuated his normal haggard expression.

Having experienced a rather heotic and spartan life in orossing the first col of the route it was ve y pleasant before striking further eastwards, to wallow in the comfort of the valley and, in partioular-ifresh strawberriss.

GIEN NEVIS IN THE RAIN - By one who is NOT an open-air fiend. M.DEANA PETTIGREW. (In defianoe of R.Gavin PETHITGREW. Ed.)

It was an unfortunate holiday from the very beginning. Mainly, I suppose as a result of comparing it with the previous Easter spent in a spacious British Railway's camping coach, whinoh nestled in a sheltered western bay facing the beautiful Isles of Skye, Rhum, Eigg, Muck and Canna. Bob and I had arranged to travel north by a certain mountaineering olub coach, which was to pick us up at Stake on Trent, while my two younger brothers were to journey up by train and goin us at F ort William. Fortunately for him, the youngest one was unable to go because of illness. Having taken an hour and a half to reaoh Stoke from Derby with bulging ruosacks in awkward buses, our initial enthusiasm rapidly waned as the awaited bus roared passed us, northward bound, without even a hoot in our direotion. Half-heartedly we waited to see if our "friends" would return when they realised the mistake in arrangements, but after a couple of cold dispiriting hours we reluctantly trudged to the Railway station, where we wept bitter tears at the touching departure of seven pounds.

Arriving at $F$ ort William in in a foreboding drizzle we established camp with Harry Pretty and his friends, and were disgusted to learn that he had Just become President of the olub which had abandoned us so oarelessly. The site was high in Glen Nevis, near Poldubh. With the usual sobre deliberation of campera we left Fort William seven miles behind us, with its shops, offes, cinema, drinking parlours and certain other oonveniences significant of oivilization. "Communing with nature" oan be, no doubt, a very rewarding past-time provided that Nature is agreeable to the communication. If she chooses, however, to send a constant doluge of water from her oloudy heavens, one's movements for a week can be confined to a few square feet of oramped space under canvas. Such was our fate.

Easter Monday stood out in marked oontrast to the rest of the week as being a gloriously warm day, when we managed to dry out all our clothes and sleeping bags. It served to tantalize us by the thought of what the holdday might have been, had the weather proved favourable. I took coloured photographs sketched and sunbathed, while the male members of the party went on a olimb involving four summits.

The previous day Bob and my brother had sucoeeded in coaxing me up Sgurr a Mhaim. A mild blizzard raged and the upper 1,500 ft. were snow olad. I dutifully allowed myself to be taught how to use an ice axe with purpose and skill as we ascended the snow and ice slopes which covered loose rooks

## GIEN NEVIS IN THE RAIN. Continued

and soree. The peak was approached which promoted in me the most ridiculous urg experience the sensation of hurtling down tl

To be urgently summoned from the was and be told that the oamp site is in immedis the most glamorou's illusions about camping. position in bitter silenoe, while the contir

After a week of this voluntary prisc this member, at least, went home to recover.

## EASIER IN THE PASS.

The holiday started with a cold and. much oluttered up with luggage and somebody' motor bikes and wanted a lift to Wales.

It was I. a.m. before Alan Baker, II on my old Norton. He had taken 14 hours du like a broken oil pipe (which oaused the pi running into the back of a stationary van. and the Pass was full of wet tents, bodies, morning. During the day the girl and her $b$ while Alan moved in with ine.

I didn't feel partioularly fit and $h$ the "Cracks" on Dinas Mot and later I failed on the Groohan. I was very depressed by th to think that ryy climbing had gone for a com'

However, the mountains worked their later we did "Dives" and "Better Things" on: on the Tremadoo oliffs, "Trilon" on the Wast mentioned was greasy in many places so the o V.S. We also paid the "Gambit" a visit on I with grease and was absurdly hard under the s persisted and we walked on at speed around $t_{1}$ descended via the Gribin as his boots laxit h: over Ilivedd alone. It was a magnificent er banners of mist rolling about the owms.

The next day was spent on the Cromle went down to the Grochan to do "Speotre" but make much impression on it. Alan led the $f$ d in boots and took a long tine. My turn oame tired and my fingers were opening as I triec called it a day as the hour was late and abse for carrying a ohap down from the Mot. Ever in the blood wagon we had a grand oook up, ar Bertha for the usual throat ablutions.

Half a day was spent in making tempo shopping and a final:day was spent in visitin peninsula. This was an interesting and amus delightful $90 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{h}$. be lt down the coast road There we proceeded to lose each other and bot and mist until we met again at the bike. off again, this time to Lilandudno and located Who stood us a spendid tea. That evening w Pass, in a very heavy wind whioh still inorea of darkness. The rain lashed down and th mountain tent received a bad rip. It was al at New Year. It was also our last night, wet style for a long, cold, and soaking ride throughlyenjoyable and very worthwhile holida: seemed to restore my ability to olimb.
and soree. The peak was approached by means of a dramatic snow cornice whioh promoted in me the most ridiculous urge to jump over the edge and experience the sensation of hurtling down the steep slope of virgin snow.

To be urgently summoned from the warmth of one's sleeping bag at 2.a.m. and be told that the camp site is in immediate danger of flooding oan shatter the most glamorous illusions about camping. The tents were moved to a higher position in bitter silenoe, while the continual downpur drenohed everything.

After a week of this voluntary prison life the party disbanded, and this member, at least, went home to recover.

## EASTER IN THE PASS.

## TREVOR S. PANTHER.

The holiday started with a cold and uneventful ride on Bettha, much oluttered up wi.th luggage and somebody's girl friend who loved large motor bikes and wanted a lift to Wales.

It was I. a.m. before Alian Baker, my friend from Iondon, arrived. on my old Norton. He had taken 14 hours due to various interesting things like a broken oil pipe ( which caused the piston to stop suddenly) and by running into the back of a stationary van. The night was wet and very windy and the Pass was full of wet tents, bodies, and alothes lines, by ten the next morning. During the day the girl and her boyfiriend organised their tent while Alan moved in with ine.

I didn't feel particularly f'it and had not olimbed for months. We did the "Cracks" on Dinas Mot and later I failed to lead the first pitoh of "Nea" on the Groohan. I was very depressed by this dismal failure and almost began to think that my climbing had gone for a oomplete "Burton".

However, the mountains worked their usual oure and a couple of days later we did "Dives" and "Better Things" on Dinas Cromleah, "Hogmanay Hangover" on the Tremadoc cliffs, "Trilon" on the Wasted, and the Unicom. The last mentioned was greasy in many places so the olimb gave us its full dose of hard V.S. We also paid the "Gambit" a visit on Clogwyn-Y-Ddysgl. It was streaming with grease and was absurdly hard under these conditions. However, we persisted and we walked on at speed around to Bwloh-Y-Sythau where Alan descended via the Gribin as his boots laxer him and I continued at full bore over Ilivedd alone. It was a magnificent evening with a olear sky and great banners of mist rolling about the owms.

The next day was spent on the Cromleoh and late in the afternnon we went down to the Groohan to do "Speotre" but we were too tired by this time to make much impression on it. Alan led the first two pitches with much difficulty in boots and took a long time. Mys turn aame on the third pitoh but I was too tired and my fingers were opening as I tried to layback below the peg. We called it a day as the hour was late and abseiled down just in time to be roped in for carrying a chap down from the Mot. Eventually, after seeing him safely in the blood wagon we had a grand oook up, and thundered over to the Gwyydd on Bertha for the usual throat ablutions.

Half a day was spent in making temporary repairs to Alon's bike and shopping and a final day was spent in visiting "The Rivals" down the Lileyn peninsuma. This was an interesting and amusing day, and started with a delightful $90 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{h}$. belt down the coast road to the se lonely mountains. There we proceeded to lose each other and both went flopping about midst bog and mist until we met again at the bike. The day was still young so we tore off again, this time to Llandudno and looated some old friends of my youth who stood us a spendid tea. That evening we drove back to our tent in the Pass, in a very heavy wind which still inoreased in ferocity during the hours of darkness. The rain lashed down and the outer shell of my recently designed. mountain tent received a bad rip. It was almost a vidilent a storm as the one at New Year. It was also our last night, and the Pass saw us off in the usual wet style for a long, cold, and soaking ride home. On the whole, though, a throughlyenjoyable and very worthwhile holiday whioh gave us many laughs and seemed to restore my ability to olimb.

## WITDBOAR CLOUGH.

J. H. WELBOURN.

This meet was meant to be a waIk, but as it was one of our snowiest weekend.s, a large party went skiing.

A party of 5 members assembled at Buxton and travelled by bus to F lash. From there they fought their way gallantly through deep snow to Wildboarolough. With a last gasping effort they struggled along the road to reach the barn so thoughtfully arranged by their leader. It was not long however before they met a convoy of aars. An angry mob surrounded the valiant five : the barn was inhabited by sheep and. droppings, and what was the leader going to do about it?

By mutual agreement this disoussion was adjourned to the nearest pub. The landlord, warmed, no doubt, by the prospect of an evening's drinking, rang up the vioar and obtained permission for us to use the top floor of a mill building. This place had all the convenienoes running water and a W.C. without a door. It was sheer lumury on the floor after the prospeot of a night in a hedge bottom.

On Sunday morning the skiers departed to thetr slopes and 12 members and friends walked to the "Cat and Fidale". A snowstorm overtook us but good compass work by Bob "Himalaya" Pettigrew brought us to our destination. We had a belated lunch at Stake farm and finished the day by walking back to Buxton.
R.W.W.

## IETTER TO THE EDITOR.

## BIG JIM KERSHAIV.

33, Teilo Streét,
Tiger Bay,
Cardiff.

## IETITER TO THE EDITOR. Continued.

Two projects have occurred to m ocoasion. I huribly put them forward members and the oommittee. Firstly, Bullstones Cabins, and if this proves in a reasonable state of repair.

Seoondly, the erection in the I to Gibson. This could take the form a likeness of the man in stone or metal memorable Gibsonian incident. A we $\mathbb{I}$ I commission if sufficient funds were ava conservative taste I suggest. I don't holes in, or done as an abstraction in : lively market in second hand soulpture, Aldermen are two a penny, pillars of the late Queen Vidtorias fetoh little more. likeness could be bought and knooked int Theres Fergus $0^{\circ}$ Conner in the Arboretum wants him and he oould be moved away for a quiet evening.

An equestrian Gibson? Gibson w remember him as ${ }^{4}$ I last saw him, a tal angle, knee length cords, oigarette nono finger pointing with absolute certainty
" I know this rook".

Yours

IWo projects have occurred to me as a means of commemorating the oocasion. I humbly put them forward for the consideration of the members and the committee. Firstly, the purchase of one of the Bullstones Cabins, and if this proves impossible, the maintenance of them in a reasonable state of repair.

Seoondly, the erection in the Peak District of a suitable memorial to Gibson. This could take the form of an engraved tablet, or
a likeness of the man in stone or metal placed at the soane of some memorable Gibsonian incident. A weal known soulptor oould be given the commission if sufficient funds were available. The thing should be in oonservative taste I suggest. I don't, somehow, fancy a Gibson with holes in, or done as an abstraction in wire. Failing this there is a lively market in second hand soulpture nowadays. North oountry Aldermen are two a penny, pillars of the Empire are put to base use, and late Queen Vidtorias fetoh little more than aspidestra pots. A rough likeness oould be bought and knooked into shape with little expense. Theres Fergus $0^{\prime}$ Connor in the Arboretum Gardens for example. Bobody wants him and he could be moved away for the mere cost of transport on a quiet evening.

An equestrian Gibson ? Gibson with soroll ? I think not. I remember him as ${ }^{+}$I last saw him, a tall spare figure, oap at a jaunty angle, knee length cords, cigarette nonchalantly hanging from the lip, finger pointing with absolute certainty to the Derbyshire earth.
" I know this rook".

Yours in exile,
Iim Kershaw.

